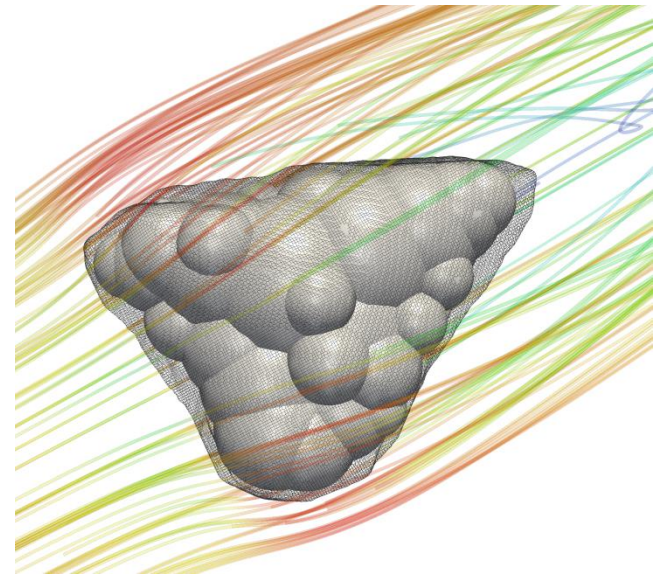


# Drag model for coupled CFD-DEM simulation of non-spherical particles

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- Introduction
- Modelling of non-spherical particles
- Drag of non-spherical particles
  - CFD simulations
  - Wind tunnel tests
- Drag model based on multi-sphere approach
- Use within CFD-DEM simulation
- Outlook

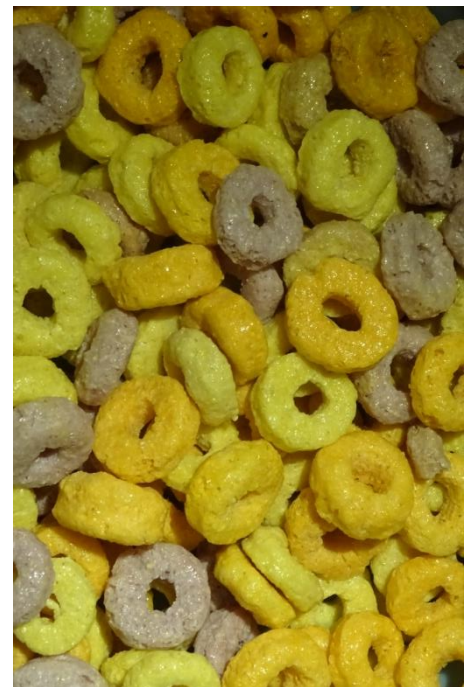
- Many granular products are non-spherical, wide range of shape and size
  - food, pet food, mining, pharmaceuticals, agriculture
- Important for many industrial applications



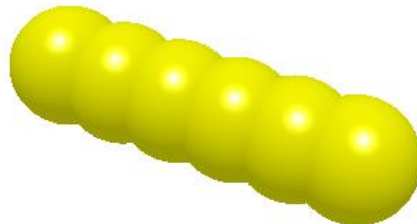
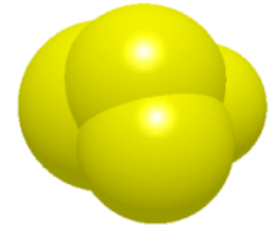
CIS, pixelio.de



M. Großmann, pixelio.de

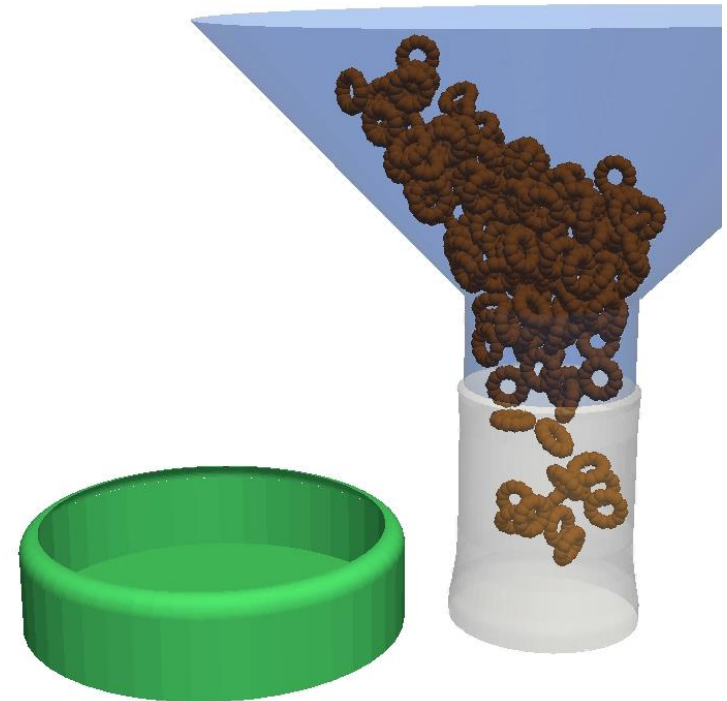
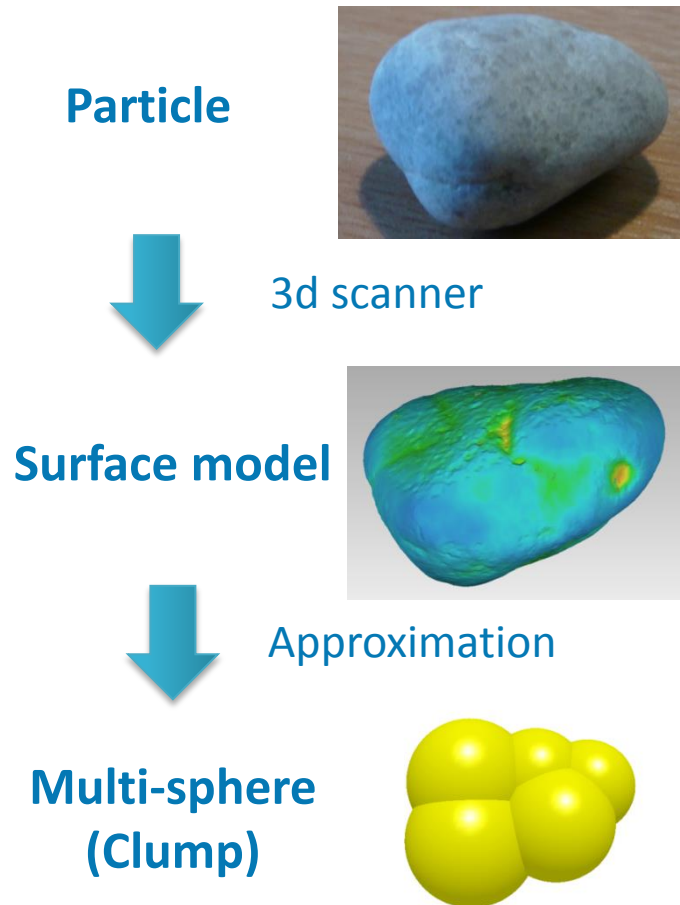


- Multi-sphere approach for modelling of non-spherical products with DEM (Discrete Element Method)

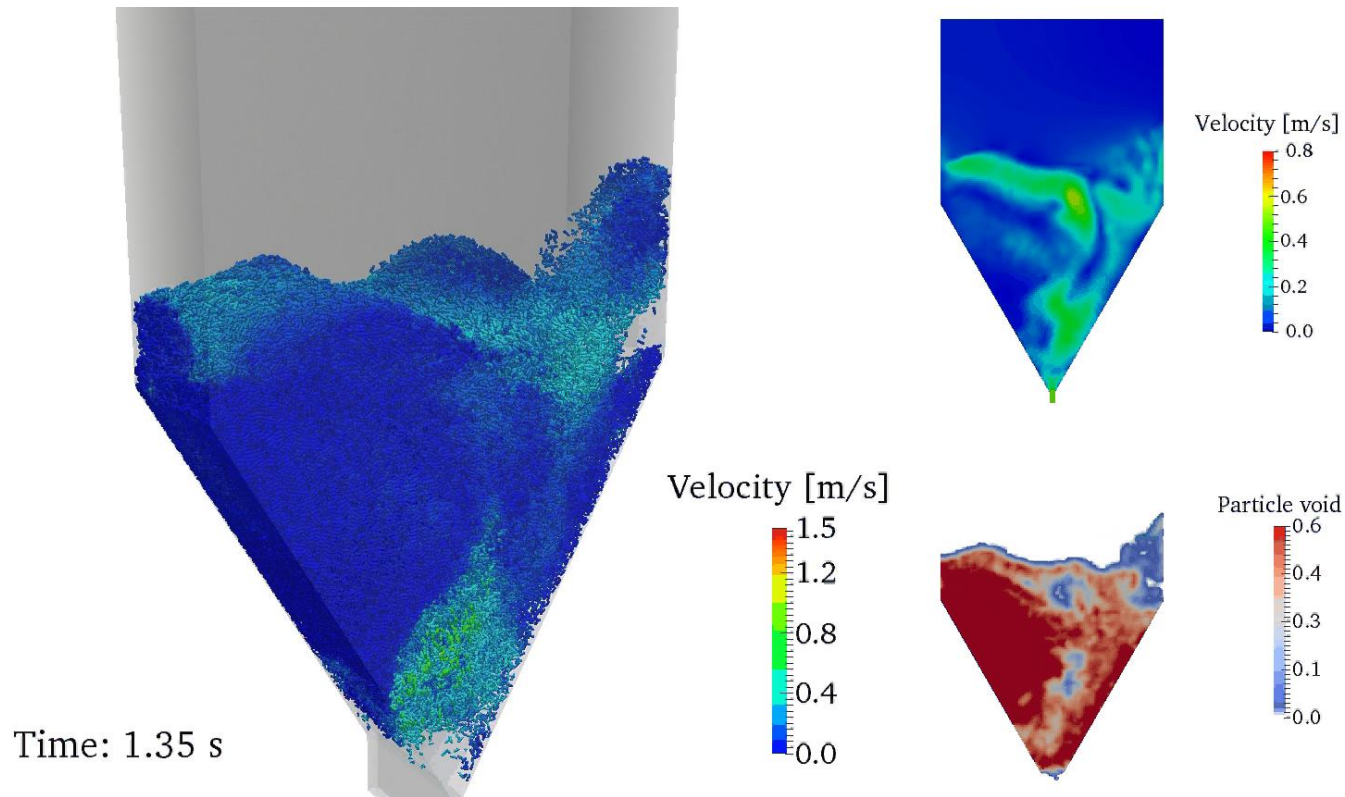


Kurt Michel, pixelio.de

- DEM simulation of non-spherical products

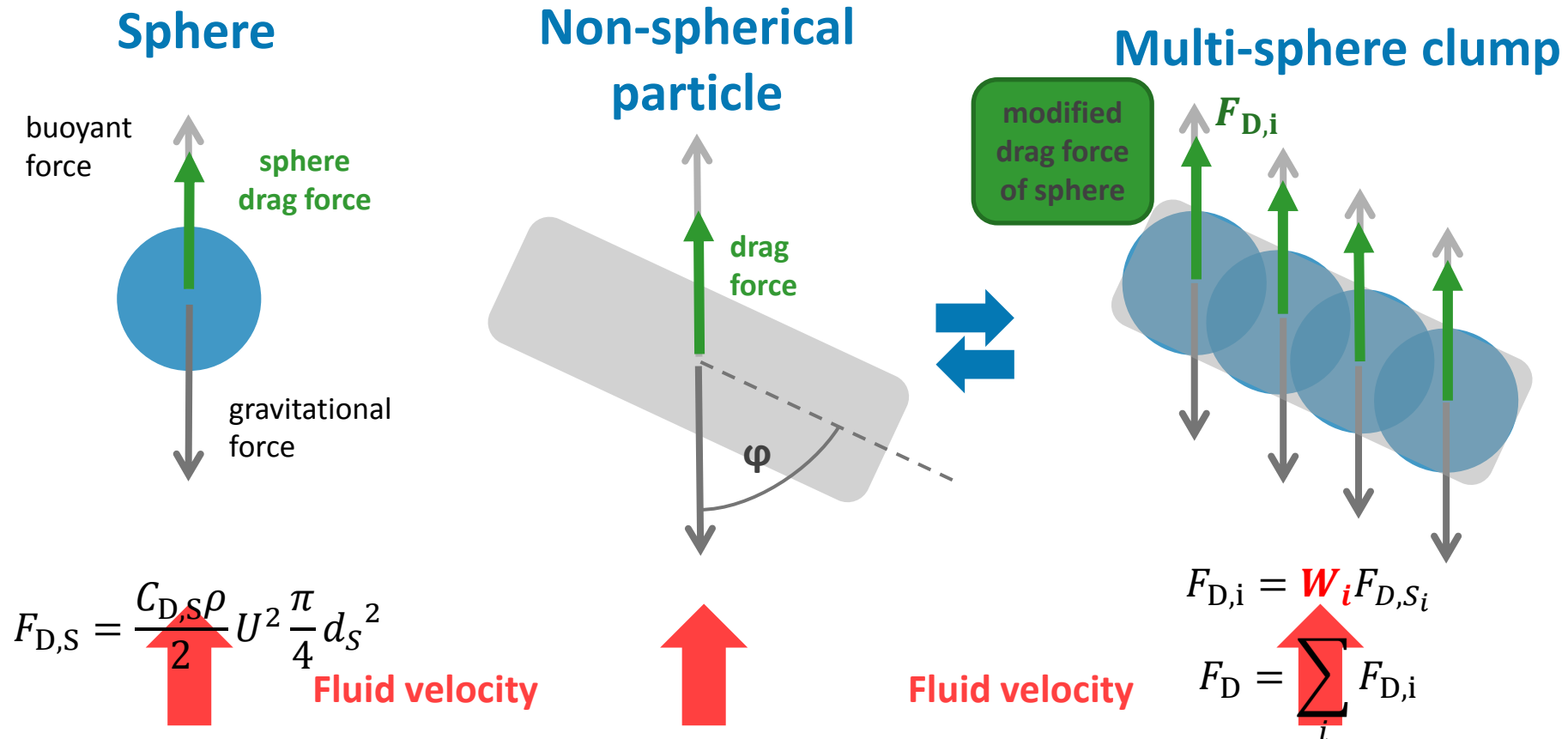


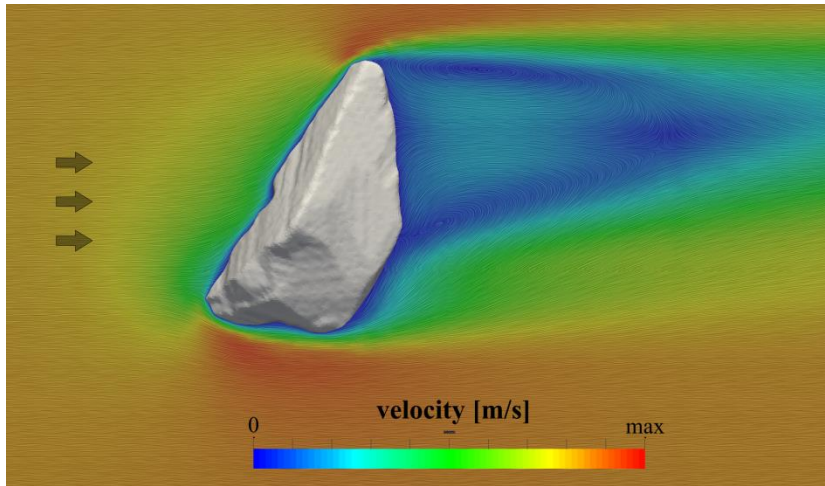
- Using multi-sphere approach for drag modelling within CFD-DEM



Spouted bed CFD-DEM simulation (CFDEM<sup>®</sup> coupling), 140.000 cylindrical particles (700.000 spheres)

- Characterization of particles by sphericity (crosswise and lengthwise) [Hölzer/Sommerfeld]
- New concept:** using multi-sphere approach for drag modelling

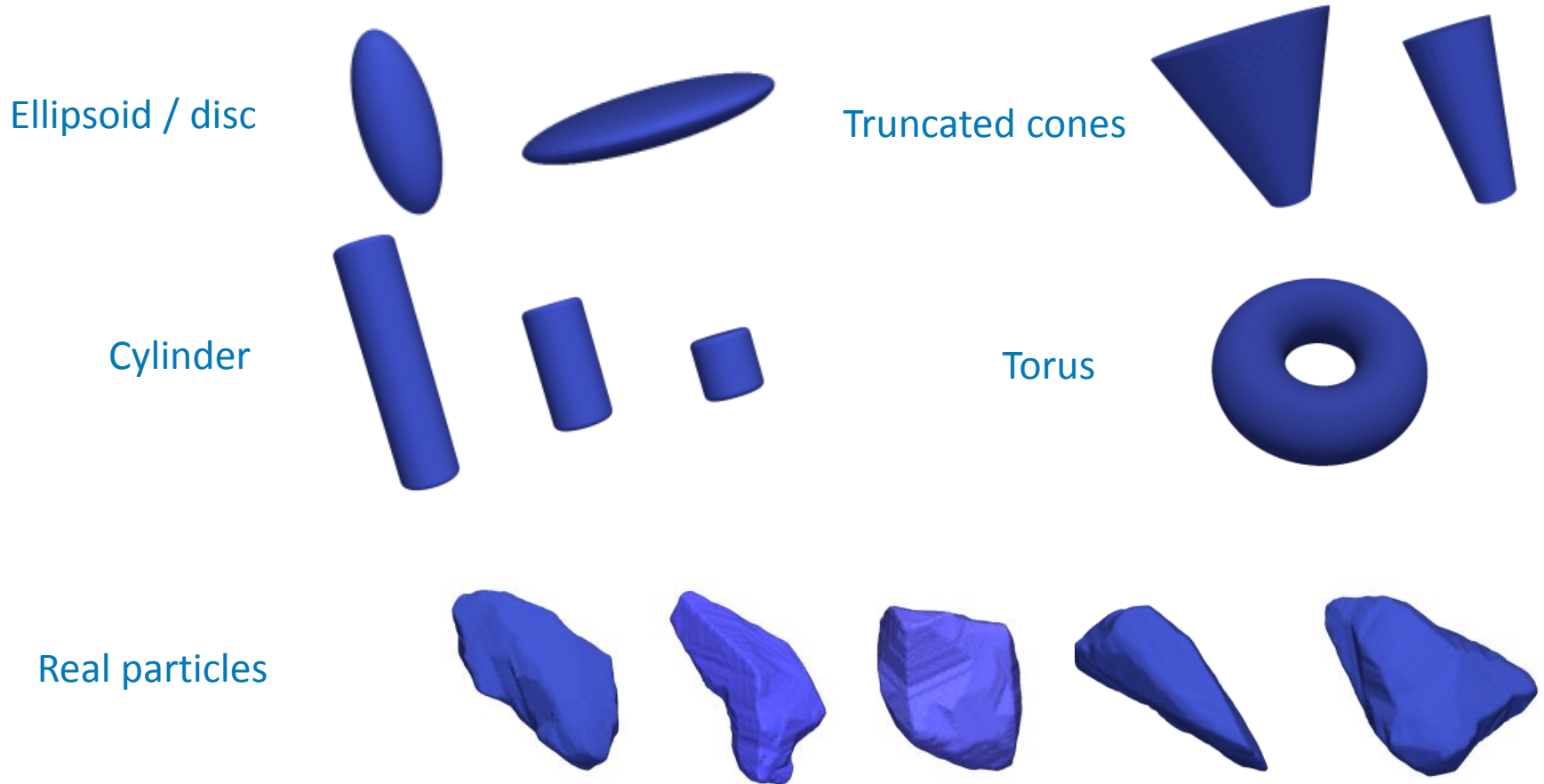




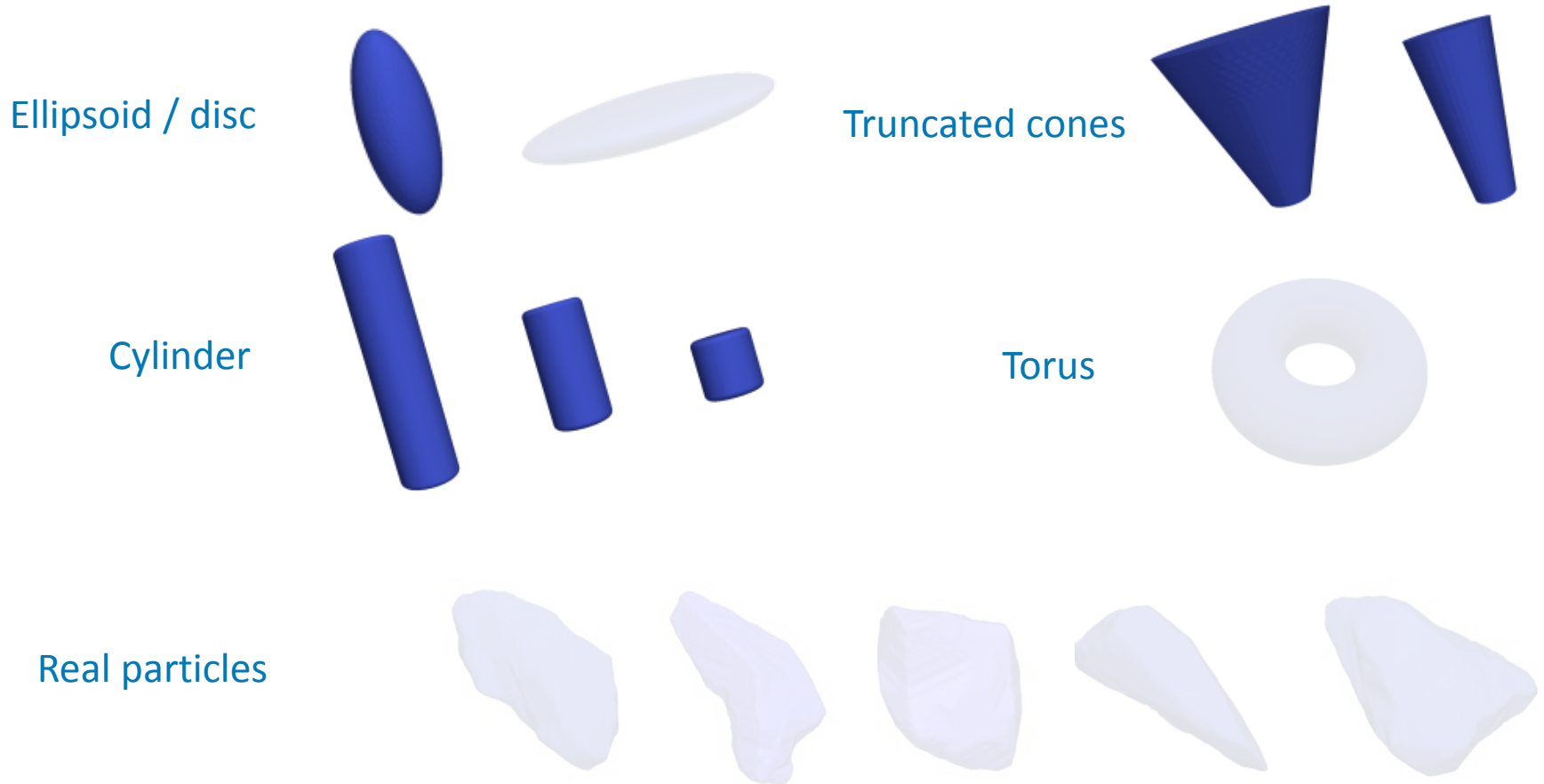
- RANS simulation with SST  $k-\omega$  turbulence model
- Fluid velocity and orientation
- $Re_p \leq 10.000$
- Drag force calculated by pressure /viscous stresses integration over particle surface
- OpenFOAM® 2.3.x

- Wind tunnel Göttingen-type  
 $v = 1...40$  m/s
- Fluid velocity and orientation
- $Re_p = 10.000 - 40.000$
- Particle production with 3d printer

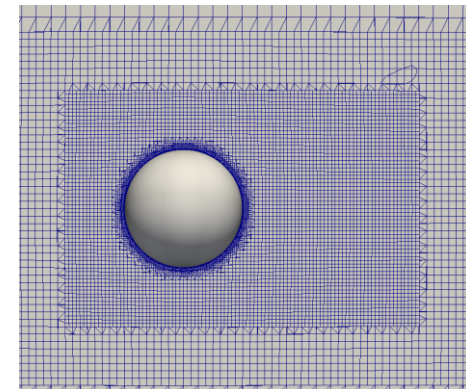
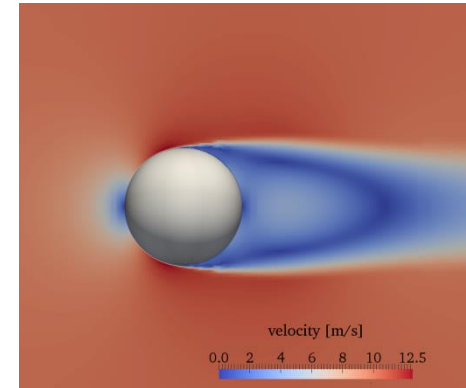
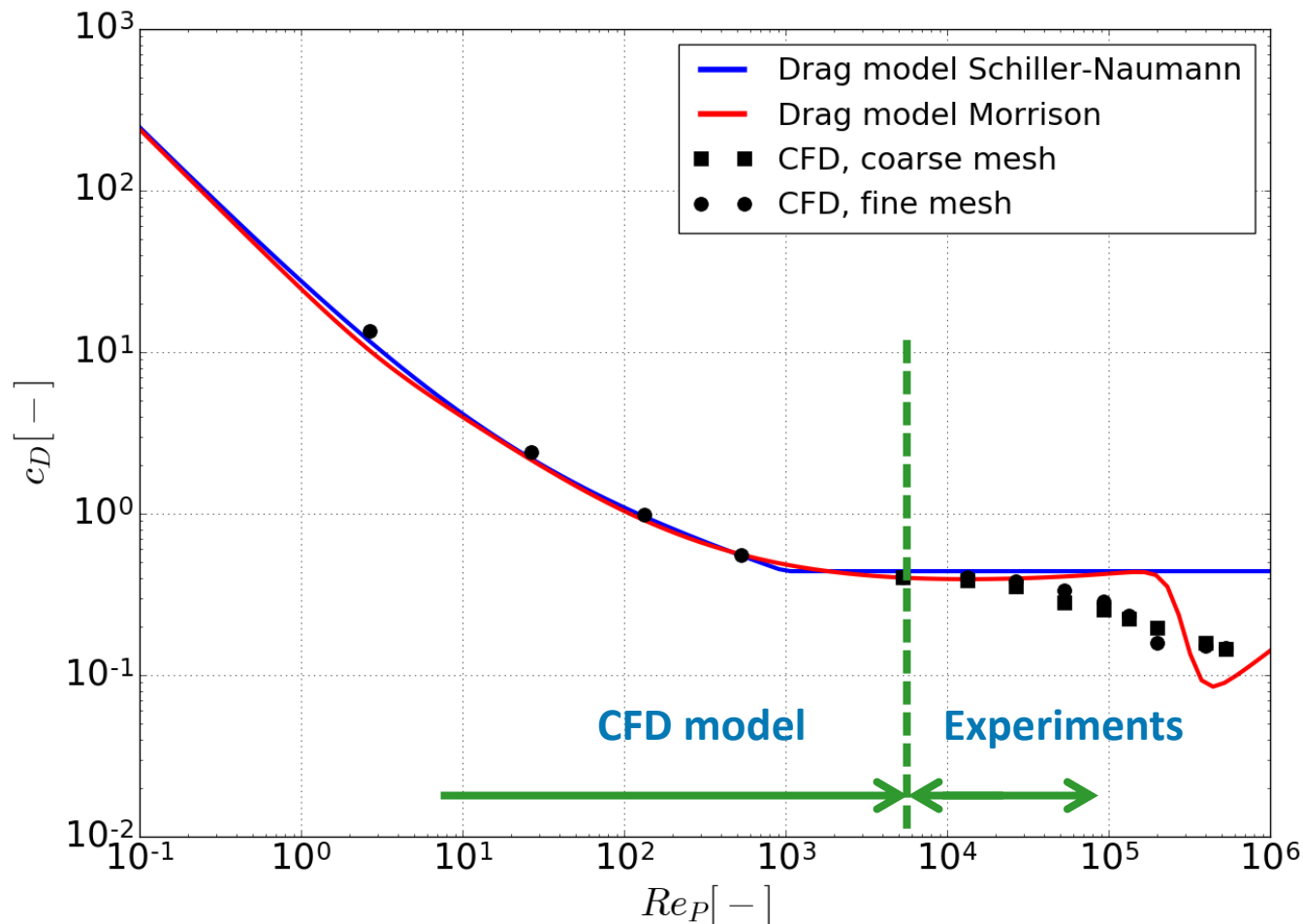
## Investigated particle shapes (CFD)



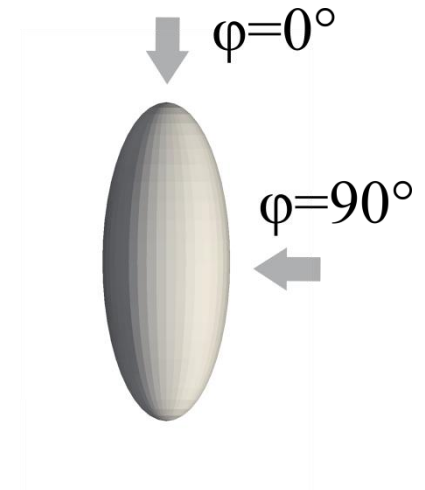
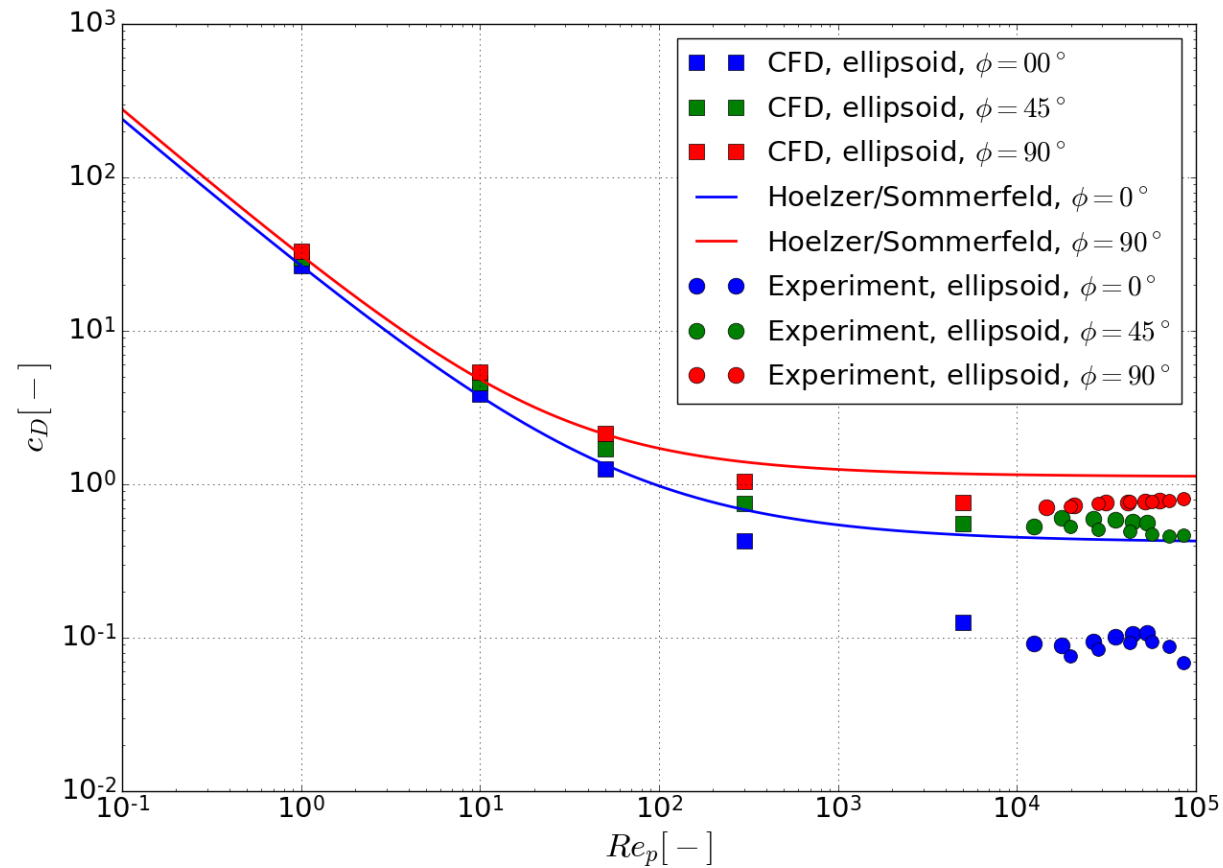
## Investigated particle shapes (wind tunnel)



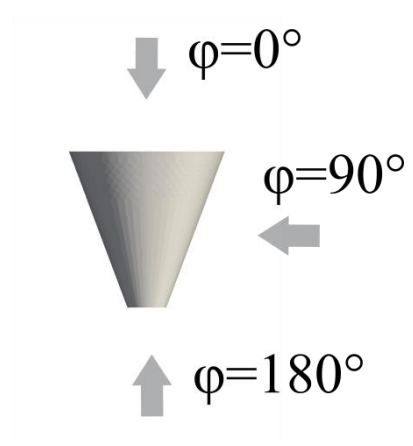
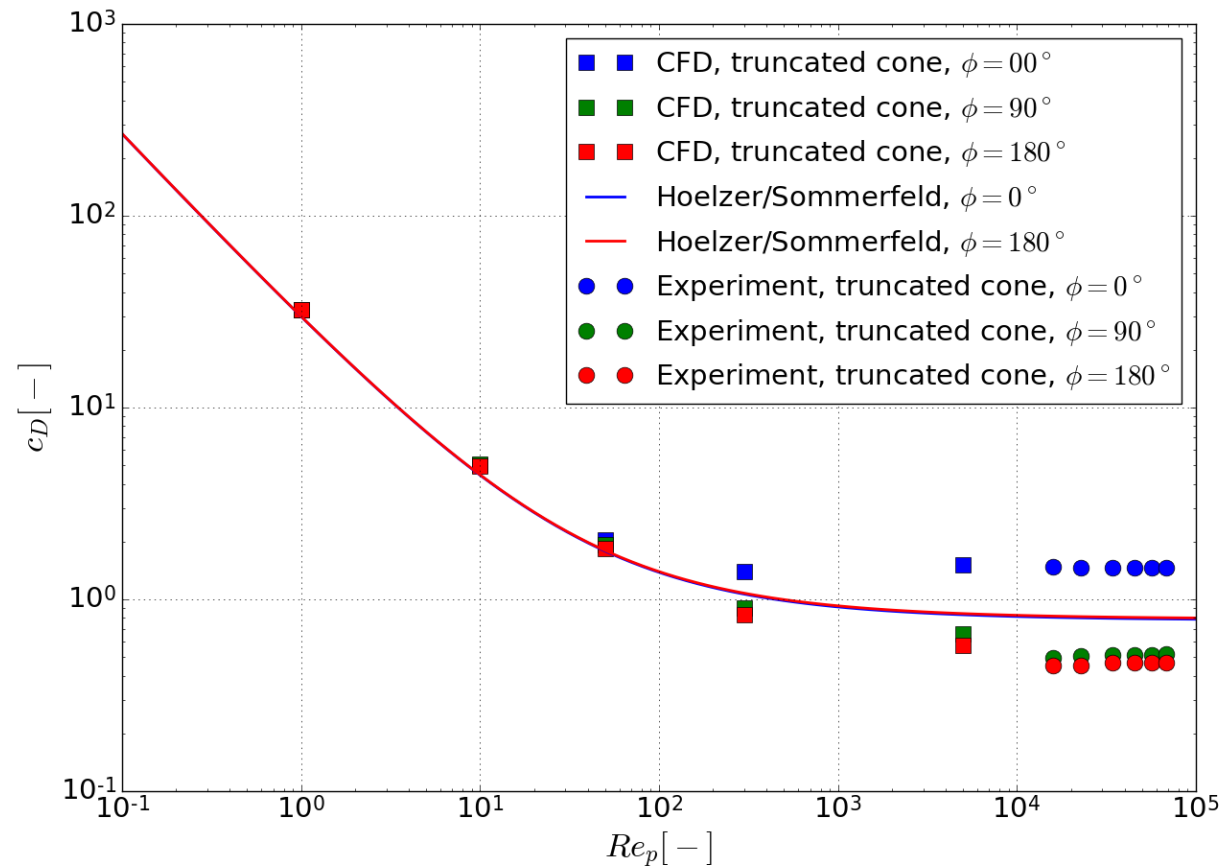
## Validation CFD model for flow around sphere



## Results for ellipsoid



## Results for truncated cone



## Sphere drag coefficient [Morrison]

$$C_{D,S} = \frac{24}{Re} + \frac{2.6 \left(\frac{Re}{5.0}\right)}{1 + \left(\frac{Re}{5.0}\right)^{1.52}} + \frac{0.411 \left(\frac{Re}{263000}\right)^{-7.94}}{1 + \left(\frac{Re}{263000}\right)^{-8.00}} + \frac{Re^{0.80}}{461000}$$

## Drag force of sphere within clump

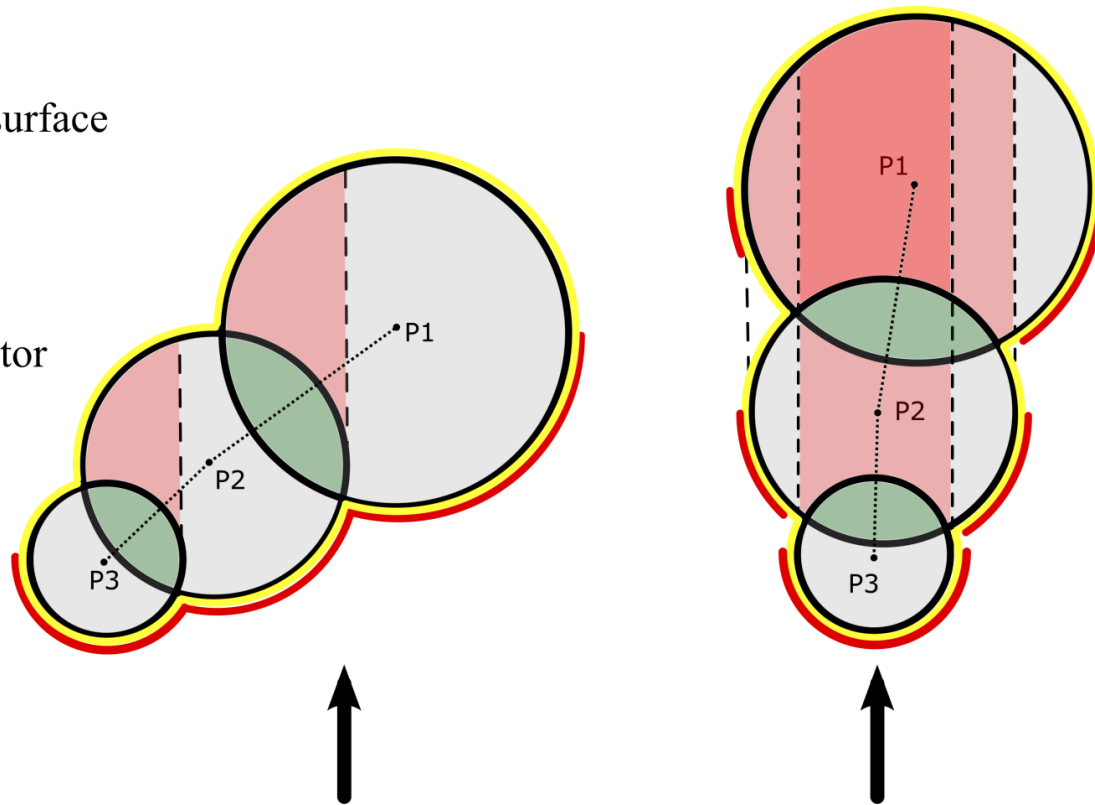
$$F_{D,S} = \mathbf{W} \frac{C_{D,S} \rho}{2} U^2 \frac{\pi}{4} d_s^2 \quad \mathbf{W} = f(Re, \dots, ?)$$

## Drag coefficient clump (non-spherical particle)

$$C_D = \frac{\sum F_{D,S}}{\frac{\rho}{2} U^2 \frac{\pi}{4} d_V^2}$$

## Parameters

- free sphere surface
- flow surface
- shaded area
- overlap area
- velocity vector



## Parameters / coefficients

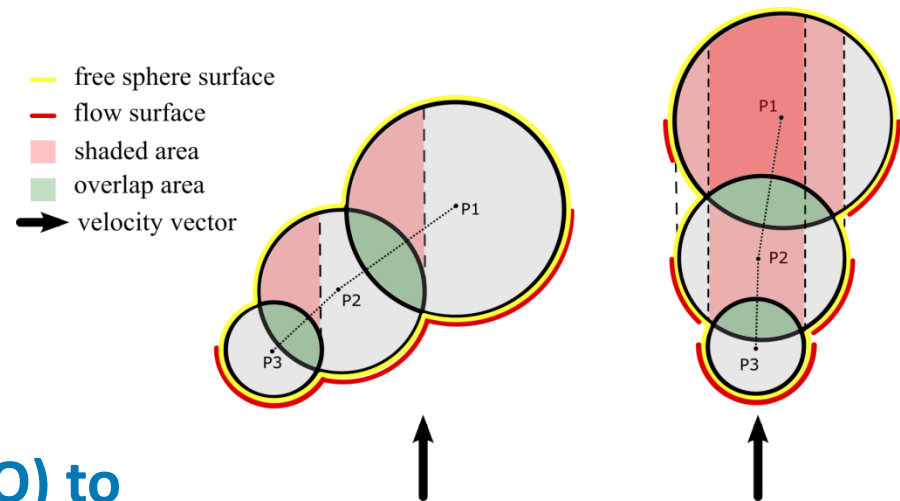
$$W = (A - B a_{sh}^C) + Re^D (E - F a_{sh}^G) (H a_{bs}^I) \\ + Re^J (K - L a_{sh}^M) s^N (O - P a_{bs}^Q) \\ + Re^R (S - T a_{sh}^U) (V - X a_f^Y)$$

$a_{sh}$  shading ratio

$a_{bs}$  shading ratio with reverse velocity vector

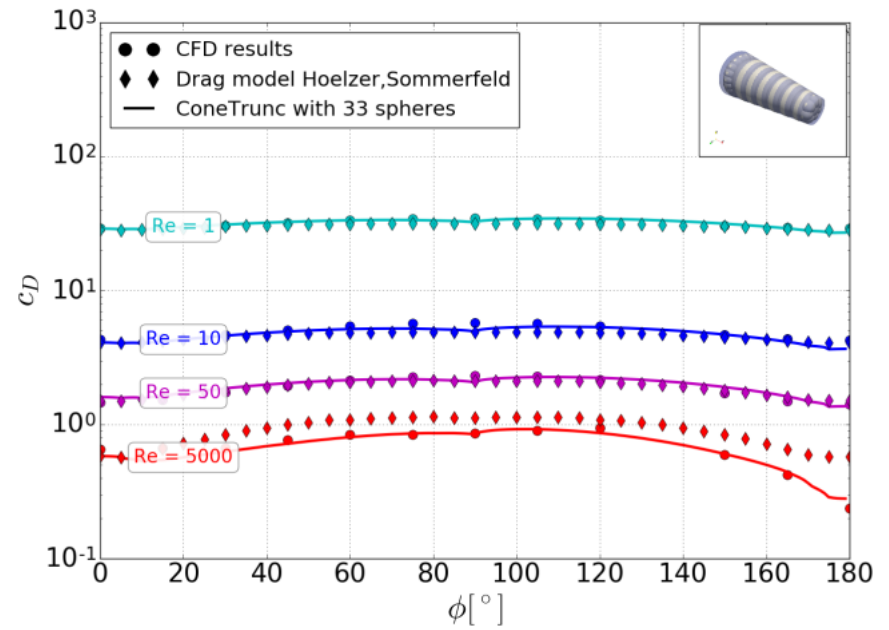
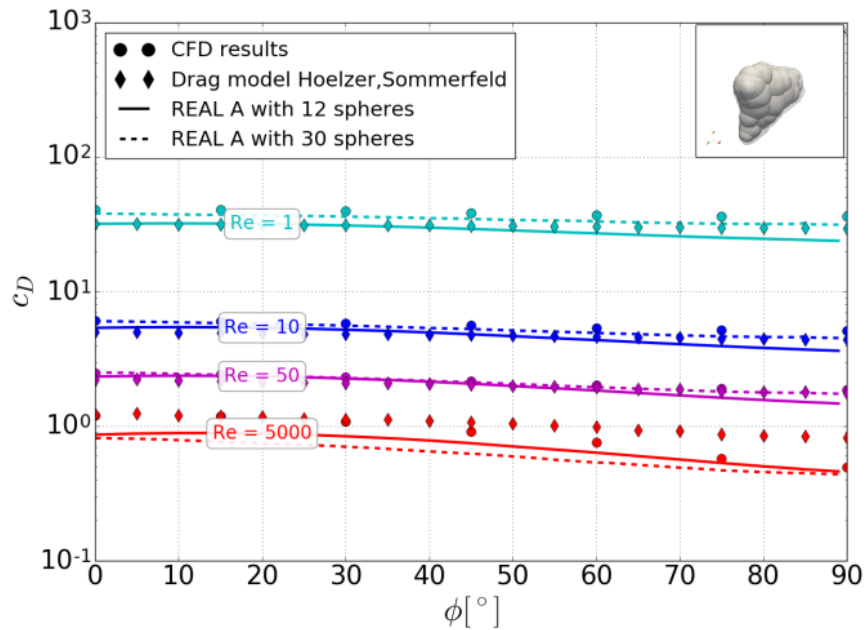
$a_f$  free surface ratio

$s$  distance to leading sphere



**Particle Swarm Optimization (PSO) to find good model coefficients (A – X)**

## Results for shape independent model coefficients



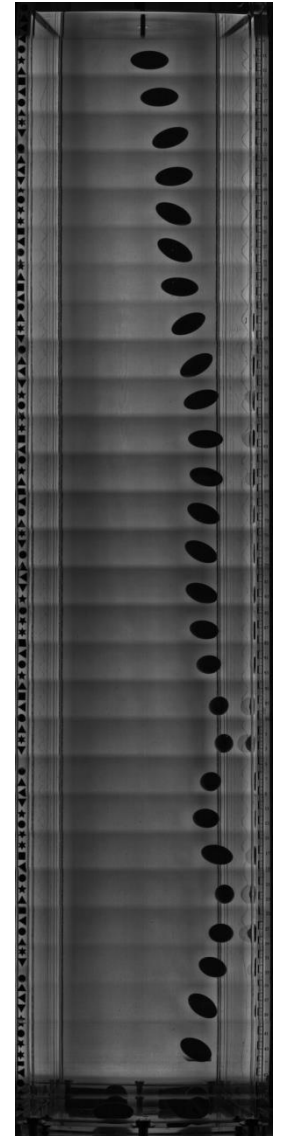
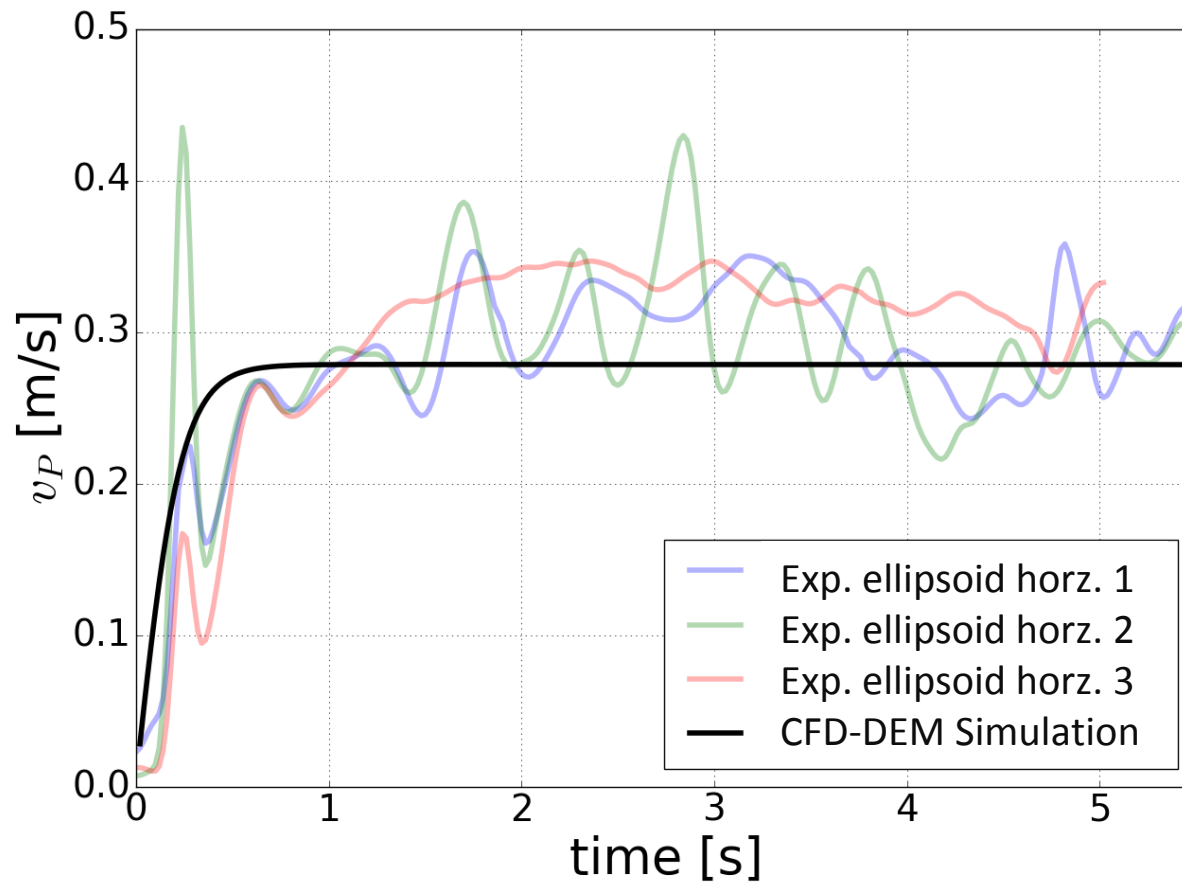
## Simulation model

- CFDEM(R)coupling 2.9  
(OpenFOAM® 2.3.x + LIGGGHTS® 3.1)
- Momentum balance for fluid with coupling term for granular phase

$$\frac{\partial \epsilon_f U_i}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_f U_i U_j}{\partial x_i} = -\epsilon_f \frac{\partial p}{\partial x_i} + \frac{\partial \epsilon_f \tau}{\partial x_i} + \epsilon_f g - K_{fs}(U_f - U_s)$$

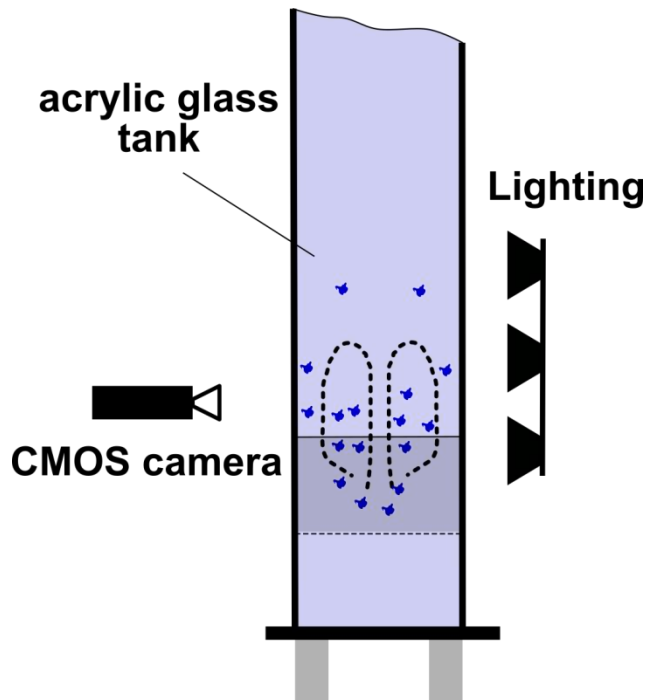
- LIGGGHTS® modification to model multiple clumps in parallel
- Implementation of new drag model and drag model of Hölzer and Sommerfeld
- Modification regarding clumps with overlapping spheres
  - Archimedes and gravity force
  - void fraction model

## Validation single particle sedimentation

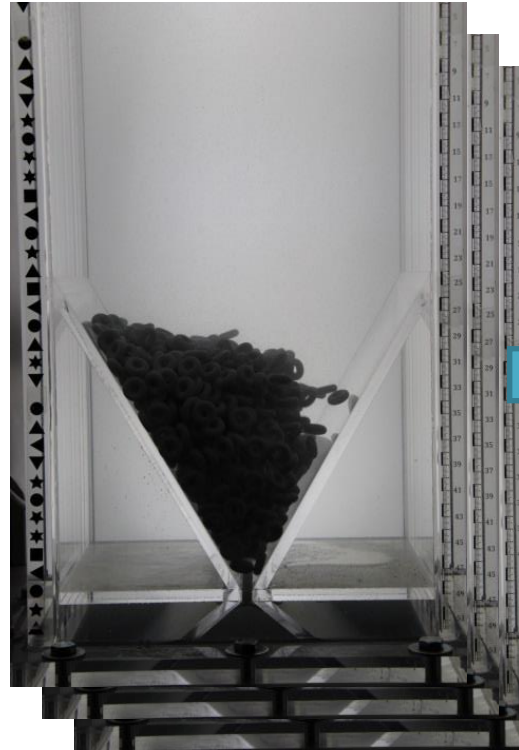


## Test spouted bed

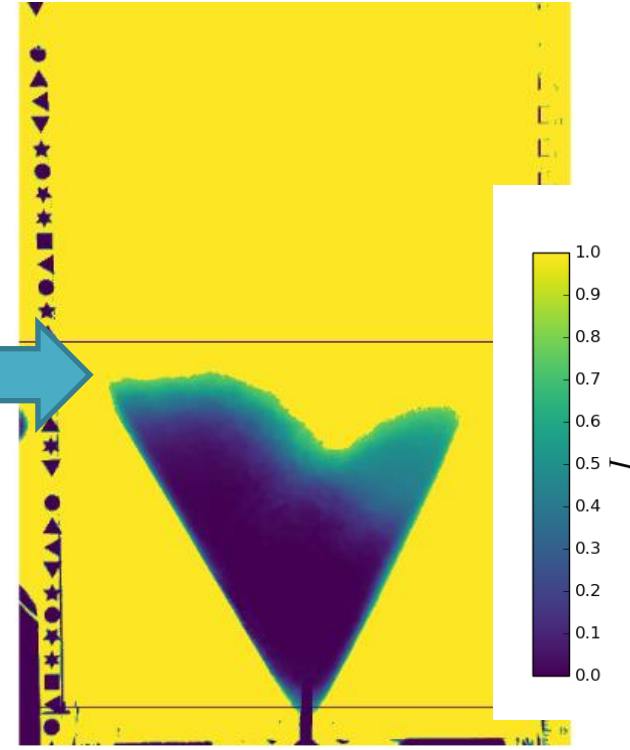
Experimental setup



Time series of images  
(particle positions)

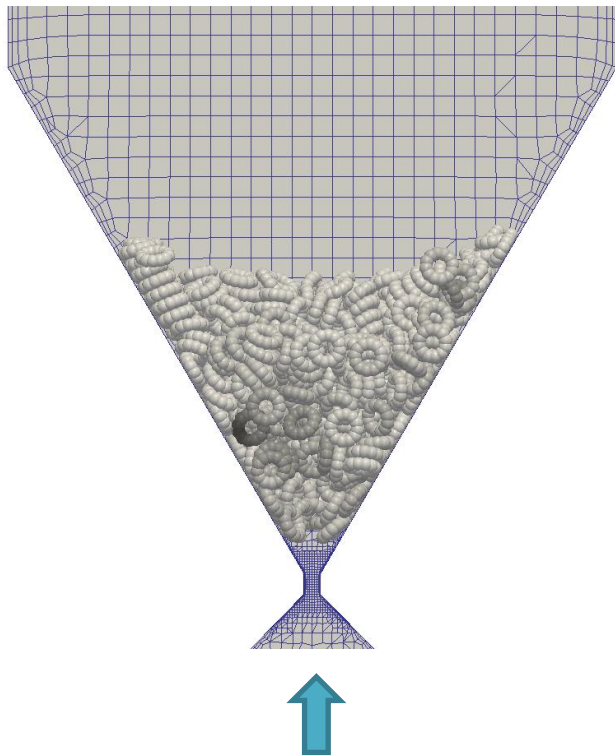


Measure for mean 2d  
particle distribution

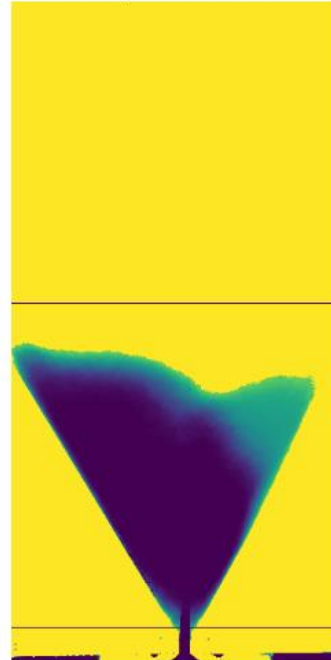


## Results for spouted bed

Particles: 1000 tori (12.000 spheres),  $\dot{V} = 300$  l/min, water

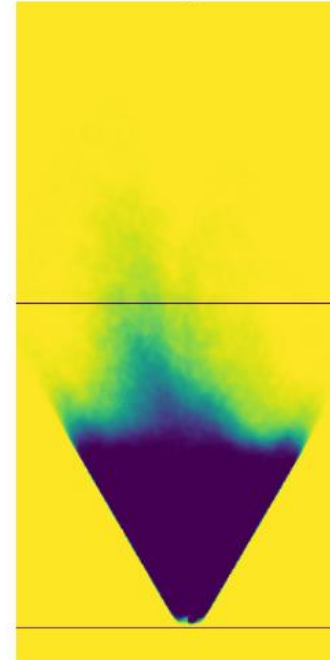


Experiment



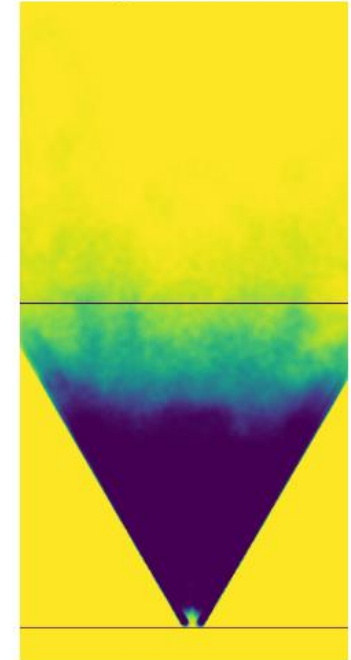
Experimental data

CFD-DEM simulation  
(new drag model)



Simulation  
single particle  
drag

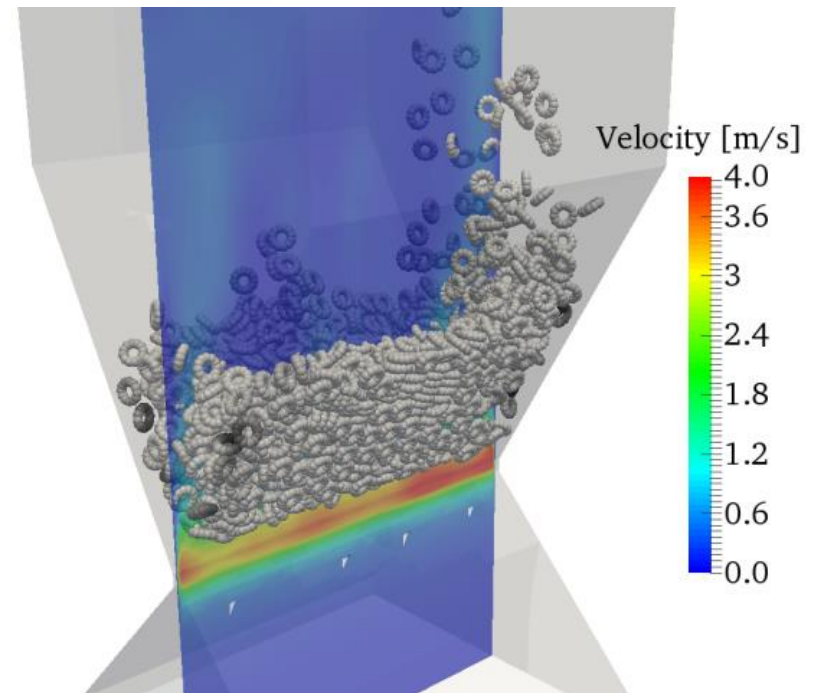
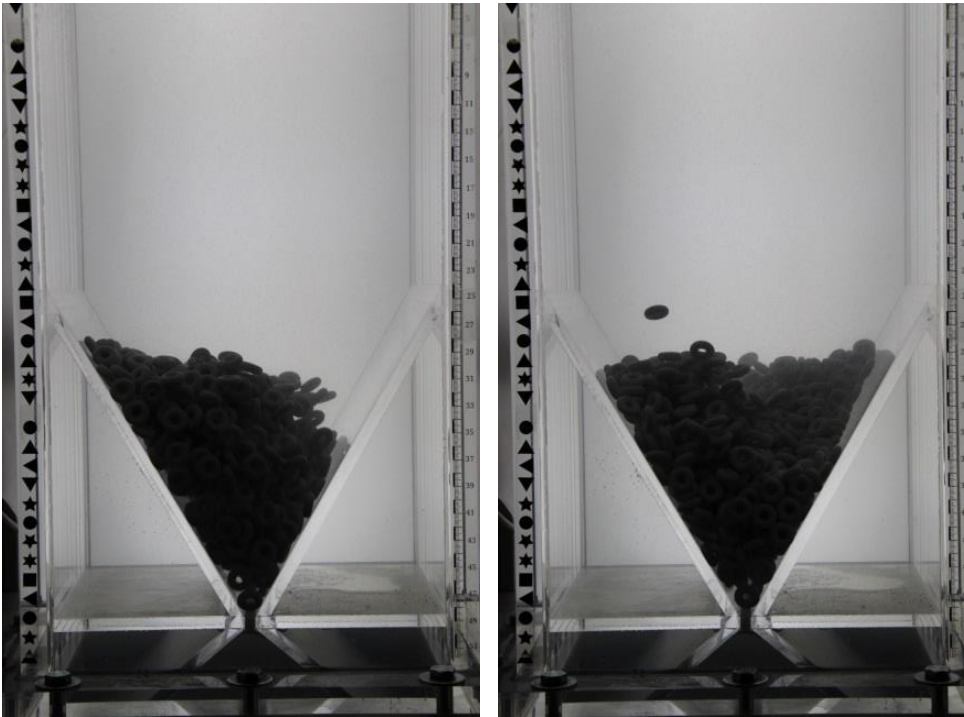
CFD-DEM simulation  
(new drag model + diFelice)



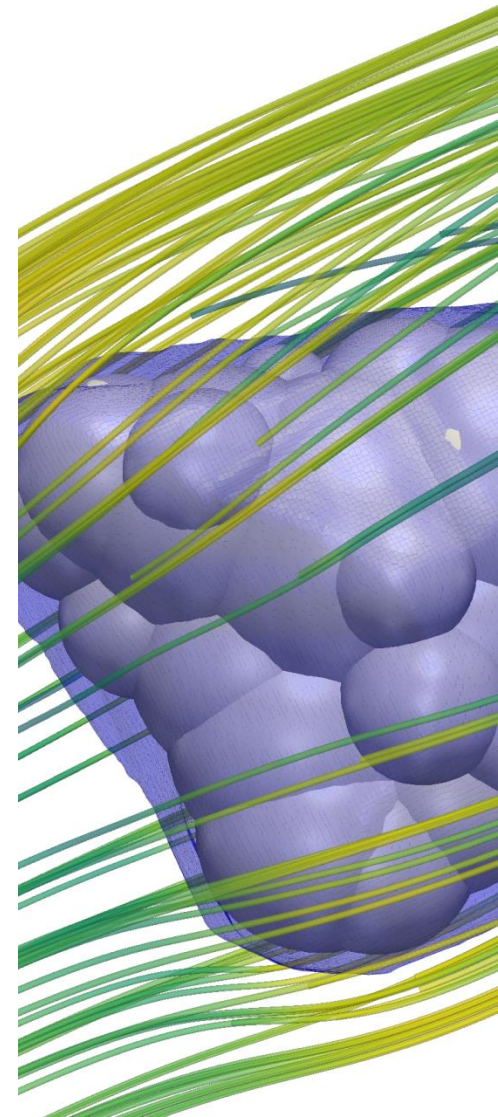
Simulation  
+ swarm effects  
diFelice model

## Results for spouted bed

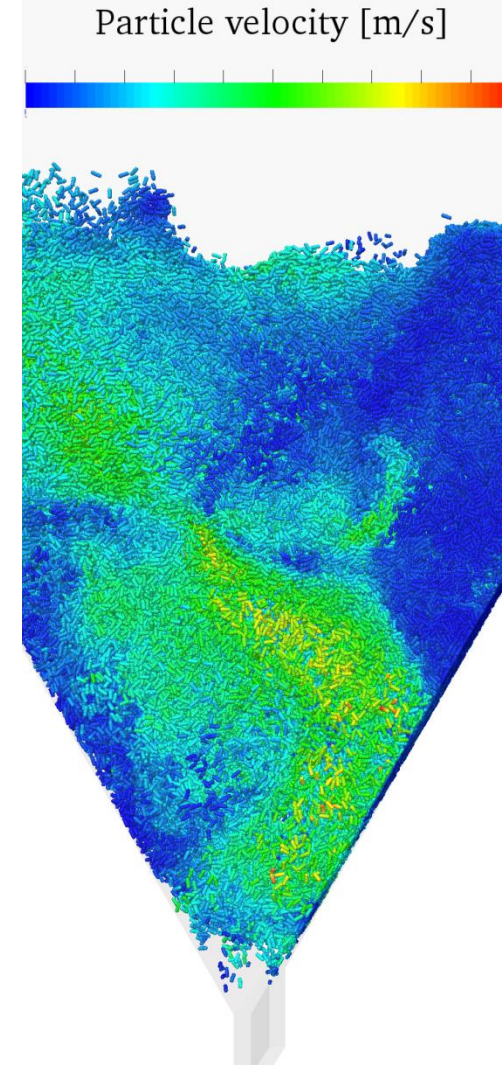
Particles: 1000 torii (12.000 spheres),  $\dot{V} = 300$  l/min, water



- CFD simulation and wind tunnel measurements for drag force of non-spherical particles
- Development of drag model based on the multi-sphere approach
- Further improvement for the integration within CFD-DEM simulation necessary



- further validations necessary
- Improvements of the drag model
  - Discretization of non-spherical particles
  - Simplify : Reduction of model coefficients
  - Integration into CFD-DEM framework
- two-mesh method for large particles (fine fluid mesh and coarse mesh for particle representation)
- Integration within resolved CFD-DEM



# Thank you for your attention



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